

SAFETY DATA SHEET

MAK REX Extra Heavy Duty Degreaser (NSF A1)

INFO SAFE No.: MC909 ISSUED Date : 01/11/2019

ISSUED by: T&T Eco

1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Product name : MC909 MAK REX

Registration number : not required, the product is a mixture, not a

compound

Other means of identification : not set

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Identified uses : cleaner for industrial purposes

only for industrial or professional use

Uses advised against : not set

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company Name : Track and Train Limited (T&T Eco)

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Competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet: Gustav Vigato, Academical Team s.r.o.; Náměstí Přátelství 1518/2; 102 00, Praha - Hostivař;

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Toxicology Information Centre, Na Bojišti 1, Praha; Czech Republic; 24-h non-stop: +420-224919293 / +420-224915402.Information only on health risks: acute intoxications of people / animals.

2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

General classification of the mixture: the mixture is classified as hazardous in compliance with Regulation (EC) No.1272/2008 (CLP).

Important health effects

Concentrated mixture is corrosive. Direct contact with eyes may cause serious eye damage. Causes severe skin burns. Even after dilution, prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting and mild irritation and dryness. Direct contact of diluted product with eyes may cause eye irritation. Swallowing of larger amounts may lead to stomachache, vomiting or diarrhea and other gastrointestinal problems.







Important environmental effects

The mixture is not classified as hazardous for the environment. However, because of the high pH, large amount of the product may affect pH of aquatic environment (alkalisation). Concentrated mixture may cause burns in animals / aquatic organisms. When sufficiently diluted / neutralized, no adverse effects in the environment are expected.

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification

(1272/2008/EC) Skin Corr. 1B

H314

Skin corrosion/irritation, category 1B

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

2.2 Label elements

Contains:

Hazard pictograms:

sodium hydroxide

Signal word:

DANGER Hazard statements:

Supplemental

hazard information:

H314

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Supplemental

elements

label

for certain mixtures:

not required

not required

Precautionary statements:

P260

P264 P280 Wash hands thoroughly after handling

protective Wear

gloves/protective clothing/eye

protection/face protection.

P301+P330+P331

IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P310

Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all

P303+P361+P353

contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower

Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several P305+P351+P338

minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do.

Continue rinsing.

P405

Store locked up.

P501

Dispose of contents/container to the hazardous waste

collection point.

Other required labeling:

Regulation (EC) No 648/2004 on detergents

non-ionic surfactants < 5 % cationic surfactants < 5 %

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment: The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII; the substances in the mixture are not included in the Candidate List of SVHC. Contaminated surfaces may be slippery



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3. COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

3.1 Substances

does not apply

3.2 Mixtures

Substances presenting a health or environmental hazard within the meaning of the Dangerous Substances Directive 67/548/EEC or Regulation (EC) No. 1272/2008, assigned a Community workplace exposure limit, classified as PBT/vPvB or included in the Candidate List:

Substance REACH Registration number	Content (% w/w)	EC Number CAS Number Index Number	Classification 1272/2008/EC*	J	Exposure limits
Sodium hydroxide REACH No. 01-2119457892-27-xxxx	2 - 2.5	215-185-5 1310-73-2 011-002-00-6	Skin Corr. 1A	H314	Exp. Lim. national see 8.1
Alkohols C9-11, ethoxylated REACH No. 01-2119980051-45-xxxx	1 - 2.5	614-482-0 68439-46-3 -	Eye Dam. 1	H318	-
Silicic acid, sodium salt REACH 01-2119448725-31-xxxx	1 - 2.5	215-687-4 1344-09-8 -	Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Irrit. 2	H315 H319	Exp. Lim. national see 8.1
Quaternair cocoalkyl ethoxylate REACH No. not available yet	< 1	270-115-0 68411-30-3 -	Acute Tox. 4 Skin Irrit. 2 Eye Dam. 1 Aquatic Acute 1	H302 H315 H318 H400	-

^{*} For full wording of used classification abbreviations and Hazard Statements (H-phrases) see Section 16 sodium hydroxide

 $C \ge 5 \%$ Skin Corr. 1A; H314 2 % $\le C < 5 \%$ Skin Corr. 1B; H314 0,5 % $\le C < 2 \%$ Skin Irrit. 2; H315 0,5 % $\le C < 2 \%$ Eye Irrit. 2; H319

4. FIRST AID MEASURES

4.1 Description of first aid measures

Health hazard is minimal; the product is not irritating, corrosive, volatile nor toxic. Effects of over exposure: There are no hazards under normal use conditions. Observe all user considerations and safety measures stated on the packaging. In case of any health problem or uncertainty seek medical attention and provide information from this Material Safety Data Sheet. Unconscious persons place in the stabilized position and observe the breathing. Never give any fluids to unconscious persons.

Inhalation: Inhalation of vapours is not expected to cause any adverse effects. In case of individual

problems following the aerosols inhalation, remove the affected persons to a fresh air. Administer oxygen or artificial respiration if there is difficulty breathing; until medical

attendance. Seek medical advice if the symptoms persist.

Skin contact: Remove all soiled or stained clothing. Wash the affected area immediately and repeatedly

with soap and water. Use appropriate reparative cream / ointment. Seek medical advice if

the skin irritation persists.

Eye contact: Remove contact lenses if present. Keep eyelids open and rinse immediately and

repeatedly with copious amount of water for at least 10 - 15 minutes. The rinsing should be done from the inner corner of the eye to the outer corner. Pay attention not to stain the







other eye. Do not neutralize! In all cases - immediately seek specialized medical advice

(ophtalmologist).

Ingestion: Wash mouth with water; give some water to drink (only if the affected person is

conscious). Do not induce vomiting! In case of spontaneous vomiting avoid aspiration of the vomits. Get medical attention immediately and show this Safety Data Sheet, product

package or label!

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Concentrated mixture is corrosive. Direct contact with eyes may cause serious eye damage. Causes severe skin burns. Even after dilution, prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting and mild irritation and dryness. Direct contact of diluted product with eyes may cause eye irritation. Swallowing of larger amounts may lead to stomachache, vomiting or diarrhea and other gastrointestinal problems. Attention in case of vomiting - acute danger of suffocating, produced by foaming ingredients.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No specific therapy known. Use supporting and symptomatic treatment. Be careful when the affected person is vomiting and during gastric lavage. Use of antifoaming agents (e.g. simethicon) can be useful.

5. FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing water spray, foam, dry-powder, carbon dioxide

media:

Unsuitable extinguishing direct water stream

media:

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Non-flammable - water solution. Upon water evaporation - incomplete combustion and high-temp thermolysis may produce toxic, irritating and flammable decomposition products (such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sooth, aldehydes and other products of organic compounds decomposition).

5.3 Advice for fire-fighters

<u>Fire Fighting Procedures:</u> Keep people away. Isolate fire and deny unnecessary entry. Use water spray to cool fire exposed containers and fire affected zone until fire is out and danger of re-ignition has passed. Fight fire from protected location or safe distance. Do not use direct water stream. May spread fire. Move container from fire area if this is possible without hazard.

Special Protective Equipment for Firefighters: Wear positive-pressure self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) and protective firefighting clothing (includes firefighting helmet, coat, trousers, boots, and gloves). Avoid contact with this material during firefighting operations. If contact is likely, change to full chemical resistant firefighting clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus. If this is not available, wear full chemical resistant clothing with self-contained breathing apparatus and fight fire from a remote location. For protective equipment in post-fire or non-fire clean-up situations, refer to the relevant sections.







6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Observe all user considerations and safety measures. Avoid contact with skin, eyes and mucous membranes. See Section 8.2 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment (protective goggles, clothes, gloves etc.). All unprotected persons should be restraint. All unprotected persons should be restraint. Ensure adequate ventilation in closed areas. Additional protective measures may be necessary, depending on the specific circumstances and/or the expert judgment of the emergency responders.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Stop leak if you can do so without risk. Confine the spill immediately with booms. Avoid entering soil, surface and ground-waters, drains, cellars or other closed rooms. In case of serious leakage inform appropriate authorities

6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Soak up the rests with inert absorbent material (sand, diatomite, kaolin, vapex...) and collect to appropriate containers with lids. All containers with waste should be appropriately labeled. Contaminated absorbent material represents same risks as original product. Dispose according to valid legislation; send to dangerous wastes treatment facility. Clean up affected areas with large amount of water.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Adhere to instructions in the section 8 and 13

7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Adhere to all personal protection and work safety regulations. See Section 8.2 for advice on the minimum requirements for personal protective equipment (protective goggles, clothes, gloves etc.). Observe all user considerations, safety measures and exposure limits. Do not eat, drink or smoke when manipulating with the product. For continuous work (e.g. packaging) ensure adequate ventilation. Manipulate carefully to avoid accidental leaks. Avoid mixing with strong acids contact with strong acids may cause violent reaction.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in original tightly closed packages. Store in dry, bunded spaces, protected from weather. Storage rooms should be equipped with adequate ventilation on the floor level. Keep away from direct sunlight a heat sources. Protect from freezing. Recommended storage temperatures: +5°C to +35°C. Keep out of the reach of children. Observe all requirements for fire protection. Keep away from strong acids and oxidative compounds. Keep away from food, beverages and animal forage. Store locked up.

7.3 Specific end uses

industrial cleaner







8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

Control parameters 8.1

Exposure limits (Czech Republic, Government Regulation No. 361/2007 Coll.):

CAS

Substance name

NPEL

1310-73-2

Sodium hydroxide*

Czech republic (361/2007 Coll.)

PEL (8 h):

1 mg.m-3

NPEL-P (15 min):

2 mg.m-3

Note I: causes mucosa (eyes, airways) or skin irritation

1344-09-8

Silicic acid, sodium salt

as: other silicates

Czech republic (361/2007 Coll.) PELr (respirable fraction):

Fr ≤ 5 %: 2 mg.m-3

Fr □ 5 %: 10 mg.m-3

PELc (total concentration):

10 mg.m-3

Indicative occupational exposure limit ES (2000/39/EC, Directive 2006/15/EC, Directive 2009/161/EC and

Directive 2017/164/EC): not set

CAS

Substance name

OEL

Other recommended values: not set

CAS

Substance name

OEL - equivalents

Indicative biological limits: not set

DNEL: not set for the mixture. Compounds: DNEL for CAS 1310-73-2: sodium hydroxide

Professional users / workers:	
Inhalation, long-term, local effects	1 mg/m³

PNEC: not set for the mixture.

Exposure controls 8.2

Appropriate engineering controls:

Avoid contact with skin, eyes and mucous membranes. Ensure adequate ventilation. Always observe good personal hygiene measures, such as washing after handling the material and before eating, drinking, and/or smoking. Routinely wash work clothing and protective equipment to remove contaminants. Discard contaminated clothing and footwear that cannot be cleaned. Personal protective equipment selections vary based on potential exposure conditions such as applications, handling practices, concentration and ventilation. Information on the selection of protective equipment for use with this material, as provided below, is based upon intended, normal usage.

Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment:

a) Eye / face protection

Avoid contact of concentrated mixture with eyes. If contact is likely, safety glasses with side shields are recommended (EN 166).

b) Skin protection:

For long-time work with the risk of direct contact chemical -(hydroxide)-resistant protective gloves are recommended. CEN standards EN 420 and EN 374 provide general requirements and lists of glove types. Recommended material: rubber, PVC, PVA. Short-term contact: protection index 3, breakthrough





^{*} because of neutralization and physical status - liquid - the exposure is not expected



time min. 60 min. Do not wear rings, watches or other items that should retain the mixture on the skin. Because of the lack of specific tests, the breakthrough time should be twice the expected contact time. Contact the glove manufacturer for specific advice on glove selection and breakthrough times for your use conditions.

Note: The selection of a specific glove for a particular application and duration of use in a workplace should also take into account all relevant workplace factors such as, but not limited to: Other chemicals which may be handled, physical requirements (cut/puncture protection, dexterity, thermal protection), potential body reactions to glove materials, as well as the instructions/specifications provided by the glove supplier. Inspect and immediately replace worn or damaged gloves.

c) Respiratory protection:

Not usually required under appropriate ventilation or exhaustion at the workplace. Do not inhale aerosols. Ensure appropriate ventilation or exhaustion at the workplace. If engineering controls do not maintain airborne contaminant concentrations at a level which is adequate to protect worker health, an approved respirator may be appropriate. Respirator selection, use, and maintenance must be in accordance with regulatory requirements, if applicable. Types of respirators to be considered for this material include: halfface filter respirator, type P2 filter (European Committee for Standardization (CEN) standards EN 136, 140 and 405 provide respirator masks and EN 149 and 143 (STN EN 14387+A1) provide filter recommendations).

Thermal hazards:

No such risk when normally used.

Environmental exposure controls:

Comply with applicable environmental regulations limiting discharge to air, water and soil. Protect the environment by applying appropriate control measures to prevent or limit emissions. All storage and manipulation areas have to be equipped for the sanitation of possible leakage. See information in sections 6 and 12.

9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Information on basic physical and chemical properties Value method / condition 9.1

Properties	Value	method / condition
Appearance:	liquid	20°C
Colour:	yellow	-
Odour:	without odour	-
Odour threshold:	information not available	-
pH:	13.5	concentrate
Melting point/freezing point:	information not available	-
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	> 100°C	-
Flash point:	information not available	-
Evaporation rate:	information not available	-
Flammability (solid, gas)	information not available	-
Upper/lower flammability or explosive limits:	information not available	-
Vapour pressure:	information not available	-
Vapour density:	> 1	relative, air = 1
Relative density:	1.09 g/cm3	-
Solubility/ies:	information not available	water, 20°C
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water:	< 3	-
Auto-ignition temperature:	information not available	-
Decomposition temperature:	information not available	-
Viscosity:	information not available	-







Explosive properties: Oxidising properties:

not explosive no oxidative properties

9.2 Other information

10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

10.1 Reactivity

The mixture is not reactive under normal conditions of storage and use.

10.2 Chemical stability

Mixture is chemically stable under normal conditions of storage and use. Overheating may cause thermal decomposition

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

Violent reactions with strong acids.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Stable under normal conditions. Keep away from direct sunlight and heat sources. Protect from freezing.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Strong oxidative compounds, acids and alkalis

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Material does not decompose at ambient temperatures. If fire is involved: upon water evaporation – incomplete combustion and high-temp thermolysis may produce toxic, irritating and flammable decomposition products (such as carbon monoxide, carbon dioxide, sooth, aldehydes and other products of organic compounds decomposition).

11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

The mixture was not toxicologically tested; classification is based on the conventional calculation method. Information on toxic effects is based on the effects of compounds.

a) Acute toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. No toxicology data for the mixture.

Toxic effects are caused by corrosive properties of the mixture: Swallowing may cause mucosal irritation and even perforation of gastrointestinal tract. Swallowing of even small amounts may lead to stomachache, vomiting or diarrhea and other gastrointestinal problems.

No toxicology data for the mixture.

b) Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns. Prolonged or repeated skin contact with diluted product may cause removal of natural fat from the skin resulting in dermatitis (skin inflammation).

c) Serious eye damage/irritation

Causes serious eye damage. Direct contact with diluted product may cause temporarily eye irritation.

d) Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Compounds have no known sensitizing potential.

e) Germ cell mutagenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Compounds have no potential for mutagenicity.







f) Carcinogenicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Compounds have no potential for carcinogenicity.

g) Reproductive toxicity

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Compounds have no potential for reproductive toxicity.

h) STOT-single exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

i) STOT-repeated exposure

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Not expected to cause specific damage from prolonged or repeated exposure.

j) Aspiration hazard

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

12.1 Toxicity

The mixture was not ecotoxicologically tested; classification is based on conventional calculation method. Information on ecotoxic effects is based on the effects of compounds. Based on composition, no adverse effects in the environment are expected for the mixture; therefore the mixture is not considered as dangerous for the environment.

However, because of the high pH, large amount of the product may affect pH of aquatic environment (alkalisation). Concentrated mixture may cause burns in animals / aquatic organisms. When sufficiently diluted / neutralized, no adverse effects in the environment are expected

CAS 1310-73-2: Sodium hydroxide

LC50, fish, Poecilia reticulata, 24 h: 145 mg/l EC50, microorganisms, Photobacterium 22 mg/l phosphoreum, 15 min:

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Information for the mixture not available. The surfactants contained in this preparation comply with the biodegradability criteria as laid down in Regulation (EC) No.648/2004 on detergents. Data to support this assertion are held at-the disposal of the competent authorities of the Member States and will be made available to them, at their direct request or at the request of a detergent manufacturer.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

No data for the mixture. Based on composition, bioaccumulation is not expected Dichloromethane Iog Po/w: 13

12.4 Mobility in soil

No data for the mixture. Soluble in water (unlimited)

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

The substances in the mixture do not meet the PBT/vPvB criteria according to REACH, annex XIII; the substances in the mixture are not included in the Candidate List of SVHC

12.6 Other adverse effects

Not known







13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Dispose according to valid legislation; send to approved wastes treatment facility. Dispose in accordance with the valid European and national waste legislation. Avoid entering soil, drains, surface- and ground-waters. Product and packages should be disposed in a certified hazardous waste facility. According to the European Waste Catalogue waste codes are not specific for product, but for its use. Therefore, appropriate waste code should assign final user according to his specific use.

Substance or mixture disposal methods:

Dispose in accordance with the valid waste legislation. Do not dispose as a common household waste. Dispose in a certified hazardous waste facility. According to the European Waste Catalogue waste codes are not specific for product, but for its use. Therefore, appropriate waste code should assign final user according to his specific use.

Proposed waste classification, based on common use: 07 WASTES FROM ORGANIC CHEMICAL PROCESSES 07 06 wastes from the MFSU of fats, grease, soaps, detergents, disinfectants and cosmetics Waste type name: aqueous washing liquids and mother liquors

Waste catalog code: 07 06 01

Hazardous waste: yes

Contaminated packages disposal methods:

Dispose in accordance with the valid waste legislation. Empty packages wash with water and recycle.

Proposed waste classification, based on common use:

15 WASTE PACKAGING; ABSORBENTS, WIPING CLOTHS, FILTER MATERIALS AND PROTECTIVE CLOTHING NOT OTHERWISE SPECIFIED

15 01 packaging (including separately collected municipal packaging waste)

Waste type name: paper and card board packaging / plastic packaging / metal packaging

Waste catalog code for empty package: 15 01 01 / 15 01 02

Hazardous waste: no

14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION

The mixture is classified as dangerous for transport according to ADR/RID/IMDG/ICAO/IATA.

14.1 UN Number: UN 1719

14.2 UN proper shipping name

Road transport ADR Rail transport RID International maritime Air transport ICAO/IATA transport IMDG

CAUSTIC ALKALI CAUSTIC ALKALI CAUSTIC ALKALI LIQUID,N.O.S. LIQUID,N.O.S. LIQUID,N.O.S. LIQUID,N.O.S.

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

Road transport ADR Rail transport RID International maritime Air transport ICAO/IATA

transport IMDG

8 8 8 8 8

Classification code

C5 C5 C5







Hazard identification number (Kemler) 80-80

Labels



Other remarks Limited and quantities:

E1 (5 I)

Tunnel restriction: E Transport category: 3 Special provisions: P001, IBC03, R001



Limited and quantities: E1 (5 I)

Tunnel restriction: E Transport category: 3 Special provisions: P001, IBC03, R001



Marine pollutant: No



14.4 **Packing group**

> Road transport ADR Rail transport RID

> > Ш

International maritime transport IMDG Ш

Air transport ICAO/IATA

Ш

14.5 Environmental hazards: no

Special precautions for user: not required

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code: not transported

15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

- 15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture Relevant legislation European Union:
- 15.1 Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the , concerning the Registration, Evaluation, Authorization and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)
 - Regulation EC No 1272/2008 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 December 2008 on classification, labelling and packaging of substances and mixtures, amending and repealing Directives 67/548/EEC and 1999/45/EC, and amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006
 - Commission Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of 28 May 2015 amending Regulation (EC) No 1907/2006 of the European Parliament and of the Council on the Registration, Evaluation, Authorisation and Restriction of Chemicals (REACH)
 - Commission Directive 2000/39/EC of 8 June 2000 establishing a first list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC on the protection of the health and safety of workers from the risks related to chemical agents at work
 - Commission Directive 2006/15/EC of 7 February 2006 establishing a second list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Directives 91/322/EEC and 2000/39/EC
 - Commission Directive 2009/161/EU of 17 December 2009 establishing a third list of indicative occupational exposure limit values in implementation of Council Directive 98/24/EC and amending Commission Directive 2000/39/EC
 - Commission Directive (EU) 2017/164 of 31 January 2017 establishing a fourth list of indicative occupational exposure limit values pursuant to Council Directive 98/24/EC







European Waste Catalogue

Council Directive 1999/13/EC of 11 March 1999 on the limitation of emissions of volatile organic compounds due to the use of organic solvents in certain activities and installations

Regulation (EU) No 528/2012 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 22 May 2012 concerning the making available on the market and use of biocidal products Text with EEA relevance

Restrictions on the manufacture, placing on the market and use of certain dangerous substances, mixtures and articles

Designation of the substance, of the group of Conditions of restriction

substances or of the mixture

Dichlormethane REACH 01-2119480404-41-xxxx

1-Methoxy-2-propanol

REACH Nr. 02-2119752510-47-0000

Regulation EC 1907/2006, Annex XVII, Article 3 Regulation EC 1907/2006, Annex XVII, Article 57 Regulation EC 1907/2006, Annex XVII, Article 3 Regulation EC 1907/2006, Annex XVII, Article 40

15.2 Chemical safety assessment

Chemical safety assessment not carried yet

16. OTHER INFORMATION

a) Changes made to the previous version of the safety data sheet

Not applicable, first edition - version 1.0

b) Key or legend to abbreviations and acronyms used in the safety data sheet

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

Skin Corr. 1A Skin corrosion/irritation, category 1A Skin Corr. 1B Skin corrosion/irritation, category 1B

Skin Irrit. 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation; category 2 Eve Dam. 1 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, category 1 Eye Irrit. 2 Serious eye damage/eye irritation, category 2 Aquatic Acute 1 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, category 1

Exposure limit Exp. lim.

NPEL The highest permissible exposure limit (Slovak Republic) PEL Permissible exposure limit (short-term) (Czech Republic)

NPEL-P The highest permissible exposure limit (long-term) (Czech Republic)

OEL Occupational exposure limit

ACGIH American Conference of Industrial Hygienists **PBT** Substances persistent, bioacumulative and toxic vPvB Substances very persistent and very bioacumulative

VOC Volatile organic compound Derived No Effect Level DNEL

PNEC Predicted No Effect Concentration

LD50 Median lethal Dose

LC50 Median lethal concentration

Half maximal effective concentration EC50 IC50 Half maximal inhibitory concentration

European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road ADR

RID International Rule for Transport of Dangerous Substances by Railway

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code

ICAO International Civil Aviation Organization IATA International Air Transport Association

Key literature references and sources for data c)

Original composition from the manufacturer and Safety data sheets of used compounds.







d) Methods of evaluating information used for the purpose of classification The mixture was classified by expert judgment and conventional calculations methods in accordance with the Regulation EC No. 1272/2008 (CLP).

e) Full wording of used Hazard Statements (H-phrases)

H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H315	Causes skin irritation
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H318	Causes serious eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life.

f) Advice on any training appropriate for workers

Not applicable for consumer. Before handling, storing or using the present substance for the first time, employees must be informed - common occupational safety training. SAFETY DATA SHEET should always be available at hand.

g) Other information

This Safety Data Sheet is compiled in accordance with the Regulation EC No. 1907/2006 (REACH), Regulation EC No. 1272/2008 (CLP) and Commission Regulation EU No. 2015/830; and contains information on safety use, occupational health protection, and environmental protection. The information contained herein is given in good faith and is accurate to the best of knowledge at the date indicated above. This particular information applies on the product as supplied and may not be valid in mixtures with other substances. If used for other purposes as identified in this SDS, the distributor is not liable for any damage. The information given herein in no way dispenses the user from knowing and applying all provisions regulating his activity. The user bears sole liability for the precautions required when using the product. The regulatory texts indicated herein are intended to aid the user to fulfill his obligations. This list is not to be considered complete and exhaustive. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that he is subject to no other obligations than those mentioned.



